

FEDERAL UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

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This Presentation is not a full Unemployment Training. It is a summary that addresses the Federal Unemployment Program (UCFE), in anticipations of questions related to the current Federal Civilian Employment Emergency.



WHAT IS Unemployment Insurance?

- Unemployment benefits are paid to former employees (Claimants), who lose their job at no fault of their own.
 Benefits are paid by the State in which they file and are approved.
- Claimants can ordinarily collect up to 26 weeks of benefits.
- Weekly benefit amount is determined by the Claimant's previous wages.



Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE)

Definition

- o Provides unemployment compensation for former Federal Employees who lost their job through no fault of their own. 20 CFR 609.2(k).
- Administered by the States and D.C.
- Law of the State in which the former Federal Employee had their last official duty station in Federal Civilian Service will be used to determine eligibility for UCFE benefits.
- o https://labor.maryland.gov/employment/uifedworkerfaq.shtml
- o https://oui.doleta.gov/unemploy/docs/factsheet/UCFE FactSheet.pdf



UCFE - APPLYING

- You may apply for UI benefits under the Federal UCFE program in Maryland if:
 - o your last official duty station was in Maryland, or,
 - o you are a Maryland resident, and your last official duty station was outside of the United States.
- When you apply, you will need:
 - SF 50 Notification of personnel Action
 - SF 8 Notice to Federal Employee About Unemployment Insurance
 - o W-2
 - Can be found on https://mypay.dfas.mil/#/
 - Recent Paystubs
 - Can be found on https://mypay.dfas.mil/#/
 - Example of information on accessing W-2: https://www.dfas.mil/legislativeaffairs/taxstatements/





TAKE THIS FORM WITH YOU IF YOU GO TO FILE A CLAIM

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FOR FEDERAL EMPLOYEES (UCFE) PROGRAM

NOTICE TO FEDERAL EMPLOYEE ABOUT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

This form has been given to you because (1) you have been separated from your job, or (2) you were placed in a nonpay status, or (3) your records have been transferred to a different payroll office.

> Unemployment insurance (UI) for Federal workers. When unemployed, Federal workers may be entitled to UI benefits similar to those of workers in private industry. If you become unemployed or are in a nonpay status and want to FILE A CLAIM, go to the nearest LOCAL PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT SERVICE OFFICE of the STATE EMPLOYMENT SECURITY AGENCY to register for work and file your claim for UI. Your ELIGIBILITY for UI CANNOT be determined until AFTER you file a claim. DO NOT DELAY filing a UI claim; if you wait, your unemployment benefits may be reduced or you may not qualify for any benefits.

To help EXPEDITE your claim, take THIS FORM with you, your SOCIAL SECURITY ACCOUNT NUMBER CARD, the OFFICIAL NOTICE of your most recent SEPARATION or of your present NONPAY status (Standard Form 50 if available), EARNINGS and LEAVE statements, or similar documents that indicate you were emloyed by a Federal agency.

(Standard Form 50 not issued by U.S. House of Representatives)

FEDERAL AGENCY will insert

in the box:

1st line - Parent Federal Agency Name and 3 digit code number 2nd line - Major Component (if

3rd and 4th line - complete address to which all forms pertaining to a claim should be sent (ES-931, 931A, 934, 936, and notices of appeal, hearings, and determinations)

3 Digit Identification FEDERAL AGENCY CODE NO.

U.S. House of Representatives Office of Payroll & Benefits **B-215 Longworth House Office Building** Washington, DC 20515 202-225-1435

To be completed by the Federal

Contact Name/Office

Office of Payroll & Benefits

U.S. House of Representatives Telephone No. (include area code)

202-225-1435

KEEP THIS FORM and TAKE IT WITH YOU if you file a UCFE/UI claim for unemployed Federal workers provided by Federal law (U.S. CODE, Title 5, Chapter 85). For more information about UCFE/UI, read the REVERSE SIDE of this form.

STANDARD FORM 8 (Rev. 6-87)













UCFE – Continued (SF 50)

Standard Form 50

FPM Supp. 296-33, Subch. 4 1. Name (Last, First, Middle)	TIFICATION OF PER	2. Social Security Number	3. Date of Birth	4. Effective Date
1. Name (Last, First, Widdle)		2. Social Security (various	S. Date of billin	T. Ellegtive Date
FIRST ACTION		SECOND ACTION		
b-A. Code b-B. Nature of Action		6-A. Code 6-B. Nature of Action		
5-C. Code 5-D. Legal Authority		6-C. Code 6-D. Legal Authority		
5-E. Code 5-F. Legal Authority		6-E. Code 6-F. Legal Authority		
7. FROM: Position Title and Number		15. TO: Position Title and Number		
8. Pay Plan 9.Occ. Code 10.Grade or Level 11.Step or Rate 12.	. Total Salary 13.Pay Basis	16. Pay 17. Occ. 18.Grade or Plan Code	Leve 19.Step or Rate 20	. Total Salary/Award 21. Pay Basis
12A. Basic Pay 12B. Locality Adj. 12C. Adj.	Basic Pay 12D. Other Pay	20A. Basic Pay 20B. Loca	ality Adj. 20C. Adj.	Basic Pay 20D. Other Pay
14. Name and Location of Position's Organization		22. Name and Location of Positi	on's Organization	
2 - 5-Point 4 - 10-Point/Compensable	- 10-Point/Other 6 - 10-Point/Compensable/30%	24. Tenure 0 - None 2 - Condi 1 - Permanent 3 - Indefin		26. Veterans Pref for RIF
27. FEGLI		28. Annuitant Indicator		29. Pay Rate Determinan
30. Retirement Plan	31. Service Comp. Date (Leave)	32. Work Schedule		33. Part-Time Hours Per



UCFE – Continued

- ES-931 State Request for Wage and Separation Information
 - States send this form to the claimant's separating federal agency

(STATE AGENCY IDENTIFICATION) REQUEST FOR WAGE AND SEPARATION INFORMATION- UCFE				
State Agency Address:	2. Name of Federal Agency, 3 Digit Agency Code, and Address:			
3. Local Office/Call Center ID: 4. Date of Re Claim:	quest: 5. Date claim taken: 6. Effective Date of			
7. Name (Last, First, Middle Initial)	8. Social Security Number			
Complete and Return Within 4 Workdays				
 9. Location of Official Duty Station. If outside 10. Did this person perform Federal Civilian Ser any time on or after the base period begin date should be 15. Under what legal authority was the indivious b. What funding Source was used for salary 	vice,@ as defined for UCFE purposes, for your agency at wn in Item 11a below?YesNo			
c. Were payroll deductions made for Federa d. Was Employee eligible for: (1) Annual and Sick leave? (2) Health and Life insurance? (3) Civil Service or FERS retirement?				



Duty Station

- Official Station or Duty Station is designated on the SF 50 or Notice of Personnel Action, terminating the individual's Federal civilian service.
- If the individual's Duty Station is not stated, it is the State or Country designated under "name and Location of employing <u>office."</u>
 - o Ex: A person who works in D.C., but lives in Maryland should file in D.C., unless their Duty Station names another location.



Schedule of Benefits

The employee's weekly benefit amount is determined by law.

https://labor.maryland.gov/employment/ui-scheduleofbenefits.pdf



Turning to Legal Issues



Are You Unemployed?

- Defined:
 - Discharge (Termination)
 - Leave of Absence
 - Voluntary Quit
 - https://labor.maryland.gov/uiappe als/decisions/8-801.shtml

• It is fact-specific.



Separation Not Required – You must be unemployed.

- Even on a leave of absence, a Claimant is unemployed under Section 8-801 even though there remains some connection between the Claimant and the Employer such as continuation of medical insurance benefits, seniority rights and a guaranteed return date.
- Such circumstances are often characteristic of a layoff. These factors are irrelevant to the statutory definition of unemployment contained in Section 8-801.
- The crucial test is whether an individual has performed services with respect to which wages are paid or payable.
 - Maryland Lab & Empl. § 8-801(A)
 - Case Law: Fourtinakis v. Johns Hopkins University, 870-BH-81. See also:
 - https://labor.maryland.gov/uiappeals/decisions/8-801.shtml



Separation From Employment?

- Definition Separation May Not Be Required Fact Specific
 - Discharge (Termination)
 - Voluntary Quit
- Able and Available
 - You must be able to work (e.g., not on sick leave)
 - You must be available for work (no artificial constraints)
- Actively Seeking Work
 - You must continue to look for a job while on UI turn over to NM



Voluntary Quit

Defined: https://labor.maryland.gov/uiappeals/decisions/8-1002.shtml#def

- "Leaving work voluntarily" means the employee ended their employment of their own will.
- Voluntarily quitting bars an employee from benefits.
- There are two exceptions to the bar: quitting for good cause or valid circumstances.



Voluntary Quit for Good Cause

- The decision to quit must be directly connected to the conditions of employment or the actions of the employer.
- Non-work related reasons, no matter how compelling, are not good cause.
- A claimant who voluntarily quits for good cause is fully eligible for benefits.



Voluntary Quit for Valid Circumstances

- The decision to quit is directly connected to the conditions of employment or the actions of the employer, or
- The decision to quit has a compelling reason where the employee has no choice but to quit.
- Voluntarily quitting for valid circumstances will result in the employee being disqualified from benefits for 5 – 10 weeks. The employee is eligible for benefits after the disqualification period.



Resignation in Lieu of Termination

- When an employee is given the choice of resigning or being fired and chooses to resign, the case is treated as a discharge.
 - The employee in this case does not possess an intent to quit.
- When an employee resigns when facing accusations which might result in a discharge, then the employee has voluntarily quit without good cause or valid circumstances.



There are three circumstances where an employee voluntarily quitting their job can never be for good cause or valid circumstances:

- Leaving a job for self-employment, or
- Leaving to accompany or join a spouse in a new location, or
 There is an exception for spouses in military service.
- Leaving to attend an educational institution.



Is There Allegation of Misconduct?



Misconduct is a Delay or a Bar to Getting Unemployment https://labor.maryland.gov/uiappeals/decisions/8-1002.shtml#gross

- Definition 3 Types of Misconduct in Maryland:
 - o Simple (Lab & Empl. § 8-1003) Defined as not gross or aggravated
 - Penalty 10-15 weeks
 - o **Gross** (§ 8-1002) Most cases
 - Deliberate and willful disregard of Employer and gross indifference to Employer's interest
 - Repeated Violations of Employer rules
 - Penalty 25 X weekly benefit amount
 - Aggravated (Rare)
 - Penalty 30 X weekly benefit amount



Misconduct, Cont'd

- Did the Former Employee commit misconduct at work?
- It is the Employer's Burden of Proof
 - Termination or layoff due to lack of work or job abolishment is a discharge, but not for misconduct
 - O Stevens v. Harford County Schools, 13-BR-82

• Poor Performance – no connection to UI standards



Claimant Responsibilities

To maintain eligibility for benefits, a claimant must be:

ABLE to work

 A claimant must be capable of performing work for which they are qualified

AVAILABLE for work

A claimant must be able to perform work during reasonable times without unreasonable restrictions

ACTIVELY SEEKING work

A claimant must conduct an honest and active search for work

^{*}A claimant's disability cannot be used as a factor in finding that they are not able, available, or actively seeking work.



Denial of Benefits

- The agency must issue its decision in writing.
- The employee has a right to appeal to the Lower Appeals Division within 15 days of the decision.
- A telephone hearing will be conducted followed by a written decision.
- The employee has a right to appeal this decision to the Board of Appeals within 15 days of the date of the Lower Appeals decision.
- If the Board takes the appeal, it must issue a written decision.
- The employee has the right to appeal the Board's decision to the Circuit Court within 30 days of the date of the Board's 'decision.



- Maryland Legal Aid, mdlab.org
 - Intakes are online, telephone or walk-in at any Legal Aid Office
- Presenters:
 - Cornelia Bright Gordon, Advocacy Director for Administrative Law
 - cbgordon@mdlab.org
 - Nicholas Alexander Martin, Staff Attorney



MARYLAND LEGAL AID

- mdlab.org
- MLA Intake Requires Eligibility Screening
- Personalized Review
- Income/Assets/Conflicts
- 12 Offices and **ONLINE INTAKE**



QUESTIONS???

Turn over to Delegate Charkoudian